**INDUSTRIAL SOCIETY**

The negative affections of the industrial devolution were:

* Poverty
* Many working hours
* Terrible living conditions
* Exploitation of child labor
* Pollution
* Short life expectancy

During the 18th century, there was a shifting of population from the agricultural areas to the new factories, built near the coal fields. Small towns were constructed to house the workers.

Women and children were increasingly employed because they could be paid less and were easier to control. They must be susceptible to long working hours and terrible living conditions; and the air of the city where they lived was terrible polluted. The life expectancy of the poor workers was well below twenty years.